

Electrical Protection & Distribution



Basic Protection

Insulation, Barriers, Enclosures, Placing Out of Reach

Direct Contact



Fault Protection ADS

Earthing Fuses, MCB's, (RCD's - RCCB's, RCBO's)

Indirect Contact



Electricity at Work Regulations 1989

Regulation 11: Means for protecting from excess of current.

Efficient means, suitably located, shall be provided for protection from excess current in every part of a **system** as may be necessary to prevent danger.



Types of protective device

Fuses

BS3036 (Rewireable Domestic 4kA)

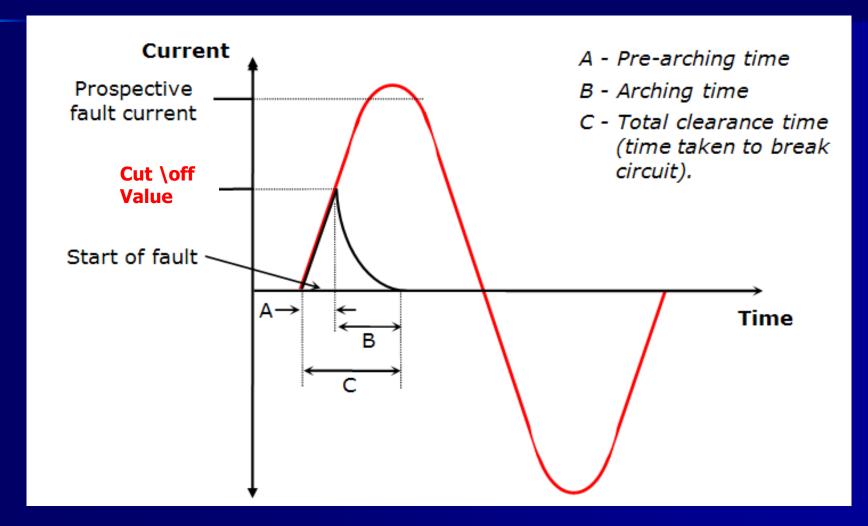
BS1361 (Domestic Consumer Units 33kA)

BS1362 (Domestic Plugs/Outlets 6kA)

BS88-1,2,3 (Industrial 80kA)

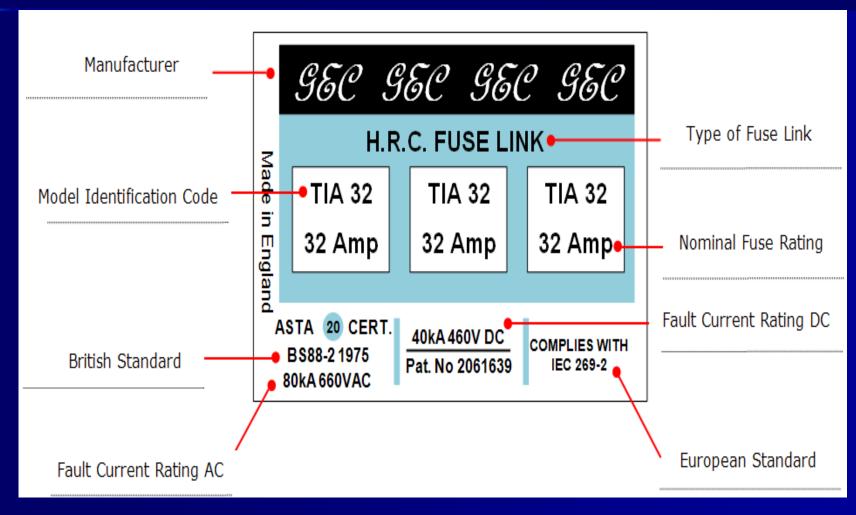


Energy Let Through I²t



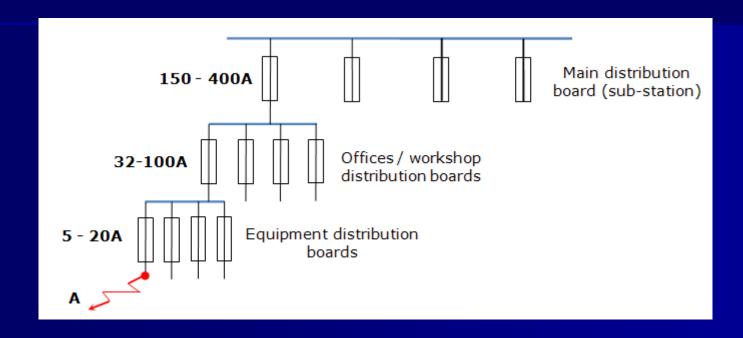


Labelling





Discrimination



In the event of a fault at point "A" the protection device immediately up-stream of the fault should operate only and isolate the faulty circuit, hence leaving the healthy circuits unaffected. This is known as discrimination.



Types of protective device cont'd

Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB's)

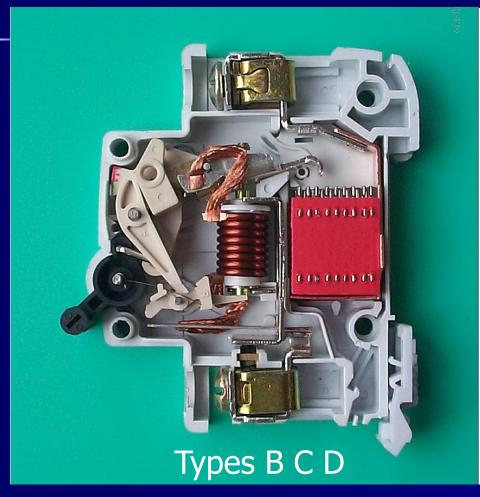


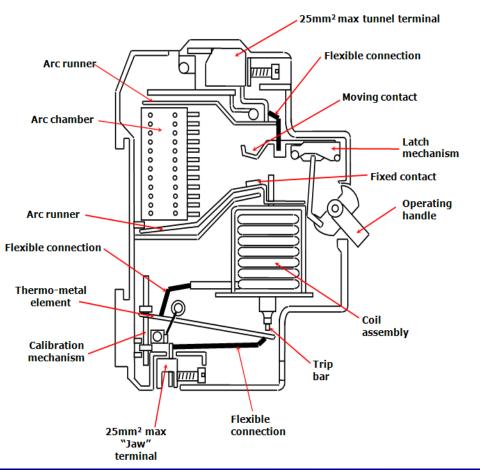
BS60898-1 / 2 (Domestic/Commercial)

BS60947-2 (Industrial)



Inside an MCB







Types of protective device

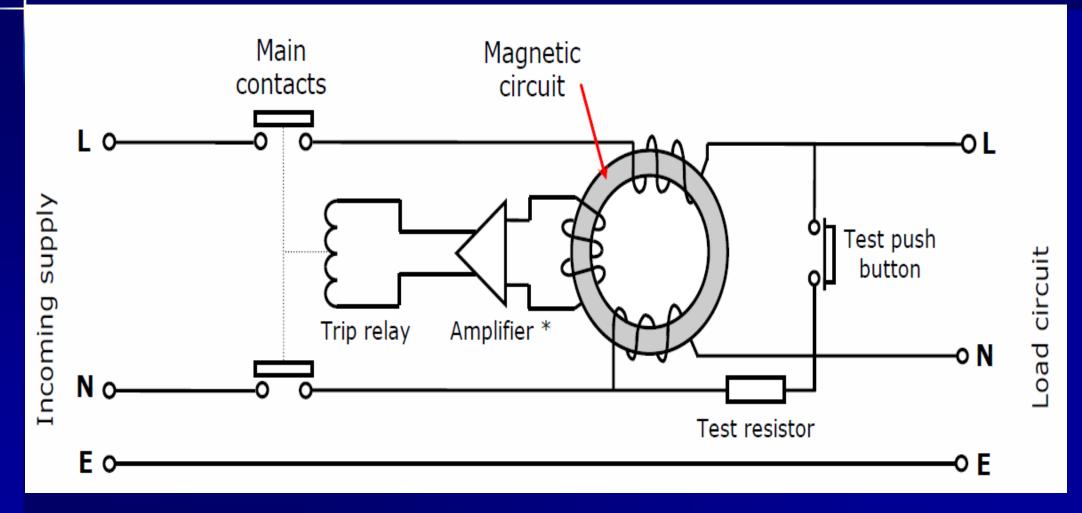
Residual Current Devices (RCD's)

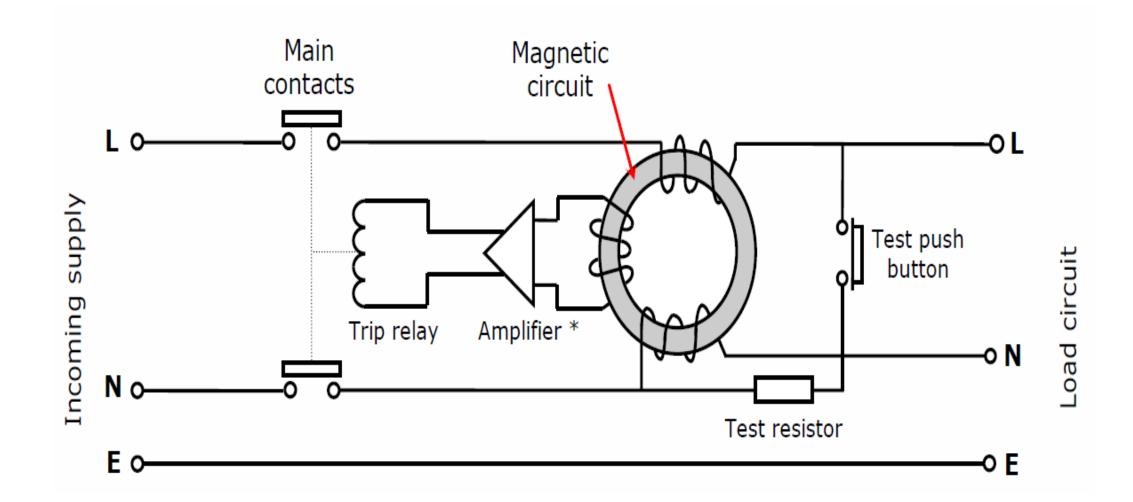
Residual Current Circuit Breakers (RCCB's) BS EN 61008 -1 (types AC, A, AKV, B, EV, F)

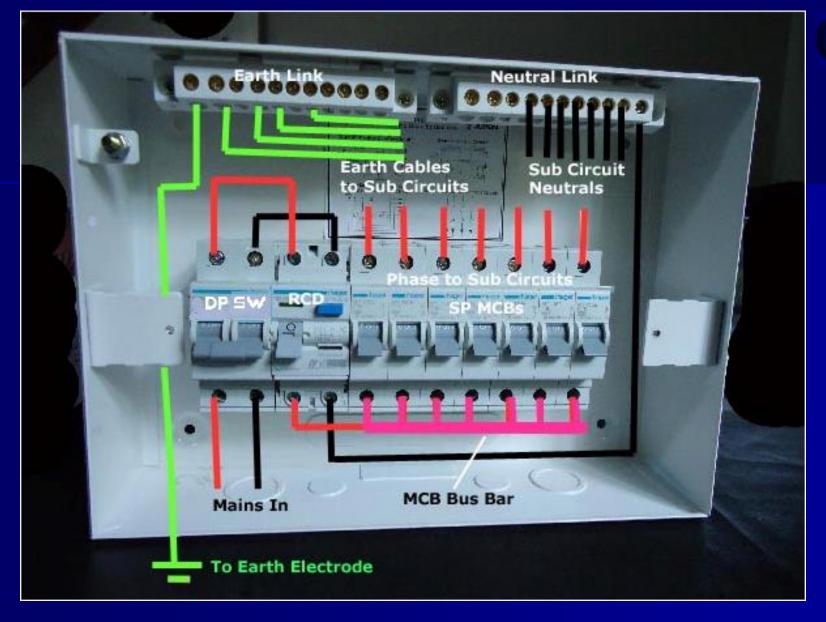
Residual Current Breakers with Overload (RCBO's) BS EN 61009 -1 (types AC, A, B, F)



RCCB Operation







TIE

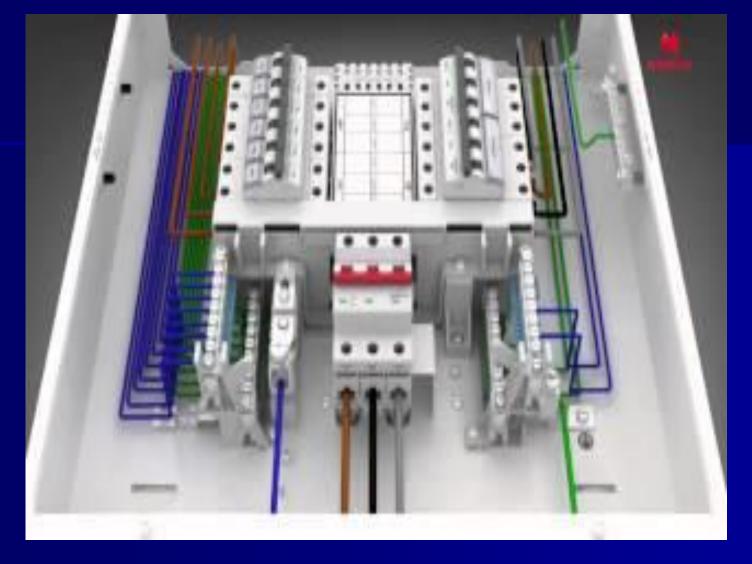






BS 88 Fuse Board





Load Center IEC 60947-2



Industrial Consumer Terminals



