FLANGES

The most common method of jointing pipes together is a bolted flanged joint. The flanges used are subject to the same criteria as the pipes themselves, i.e.:-

SAFETY, to withstand the temperature and pressure in the system and also to be able to withstand the nature of the chemical.

COST to be strong enough for the duty, but not over specified, as this is a waste of money.

Flange details are compiled into tables, or flange standards and must be consulted to ensure the correct flange in being selected. Some of the information which can be found on these tables is shown in Fig. 10.

FLANGE STANDARDS

There are three main flange standards which can still be found around:-

B.S. 10

B.S.1560

B.S. 4504

B.S.10

This is the old British standard and no longer in common use, although they can still be found on older types of equipment, so a stock is held.

These flanges are classified as table D, E, H, J and S. The safe working pressure increases as the letter of the alphabet increases i.e. a table "S" flange would be rated higher than a table "E" flange. Specimens from these tables can be seen in Fig. 11.

B.S. 1560

This is a fairly new standard, based on the AMERICAM ANSI (AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE) or ASA (AMERICAN STANDARDS AUTHORITY). These flanges are classified by the pressure rating, such a class 150 or class 300, where the number represents the pressure rating in P.S.I.

The class i.e. 300 and the nominal bore i.e. 2" for which the flanges is suited can be found stamped on the side of the flange. These flanges are in common use of all plants replacing the B.S. 10 system. Specimens from these tables can be seen in Fig. 12.

B.S. 4504

This is the British Metric Flange system and is not as common as the ASA system, being found mainly on metric equipment. This is known as the P.N. series because they are classified in ratings such as P.N. 10 and P.N. 16 (where the P.N. stands for nominal pressure and the number is the pressure rating in bars).

e.g.

P.N. 10

if P.N. = 15

Then

P.N. 10

would be rated as 150 psi

Specimens from these tables can be seen in Fig. 13.

FLANGE TYPES

There are various types of flanges in use in I.C.I. the following are the more common types to be found on the plants.

a) SCREWED FLANGE

This type is convenient and easy to use, but is not recommended foe use with high pressures.

ADVANTAGES:- a) Correct alignment unnecessary

b) Welding eliminated

DISADVANTAGES:- a) More expensive

- b) Only suitable for light non hazardous duties
- c) Thread causes sealing problems

Specification 04 2521 shown in Fig. 14

SLIP ON WELDED FLANGES

The most common type in use and can have either a flat joint face (for lower pressures) or a raised joint face. As the name suggests, the flange is bored out to slip onto the pipe for welding.

ADVANTAGES:-

a) Can be made from plate material

DISADVANTAGES:- a) Requires two welds to attach it to the pipe.

- b) Need correct alignment before welding.
- c) Weld spatter must be removed from the joint face.

Specification 04 2522 shown in Fig. 15.

SLIP ON HUB TYPE

Another very common flange except it has a hub on the back of the flange to give greater strength. This forged flange is normally found in the ASA ratings and tends to be more expensive.

Apart from this it has the same ADVANTAGES and DISADVANTAGES as the previous flange.

Specification 04 2616 seen in Fig. 16.

ADVANTAGES

a) Requires only one weld to attatch the flange to pipe

AND THE STATE OF T

b) Provides greater strength.

DISADVANTAGES

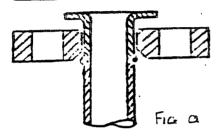
- a) Again needs to be correctly aligned
- b) Expensive

Specification 04 2218 Fig 17

BACKING FLANGES

These can be used to reduce the cost of an expensive pipeline by making use of a carbon steel plate backing flange instead of a conventional welded flange. Examples of this can be seen in Fig 18.

Loose Backing Flance - Flared Type



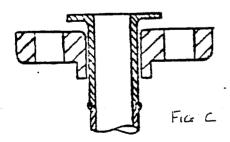
S.S. Pipe, Galvanised M S Flanre

Becoming more common because of the cost savings which can be made.

- Advantages 1) Economic to use
 - 2) Correct alignment unnecessary
 - 3) Only one weld needed.

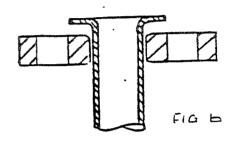
Disadvantages

1) Only suitable for light duties.



S S Pipe. M S Flange

Similar to Fig. 4 but uncommon because only made to ASA sizes.



M S Pipe, M S Flance

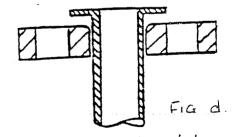
Used very infrequently because mild steel pipe has to have high aluminium content in order to be swaged easily, and only made to ASA standard.

Advantages

- 1) Correct alignment unnecessary.
- 2) No welds needed.

Disadvantages

Only suitable for light duties (non-hazardous)

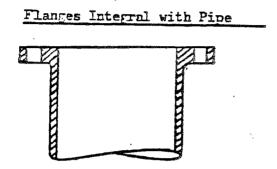


Aluminium Pipe, M S or 18/8/Ti Flange

Similar to Fig. D Used where the piping material is unsuitable as a flange. As we can see, the flange itself is lose and free to rotate on the pipe, therefore it does not need to be aligned before assembly. Also, as the flange itself does not come into contact with the product, then it can made of a cheaper product that it meets the standards for the temperature and pressure.

Specification NW 04 2354 Fig 19

FLANGES INTEGERAL WITH PIPE



Mainly used on cast iron and steel piping (drains etc) where welding is not practicable.

Advantages I Welding eliminated.

Disadvantages 1 Expensive

2 Damaged flanges cannot be repaired.

3 Mainly suitable for light duties.

JACKETED PIPEWORK

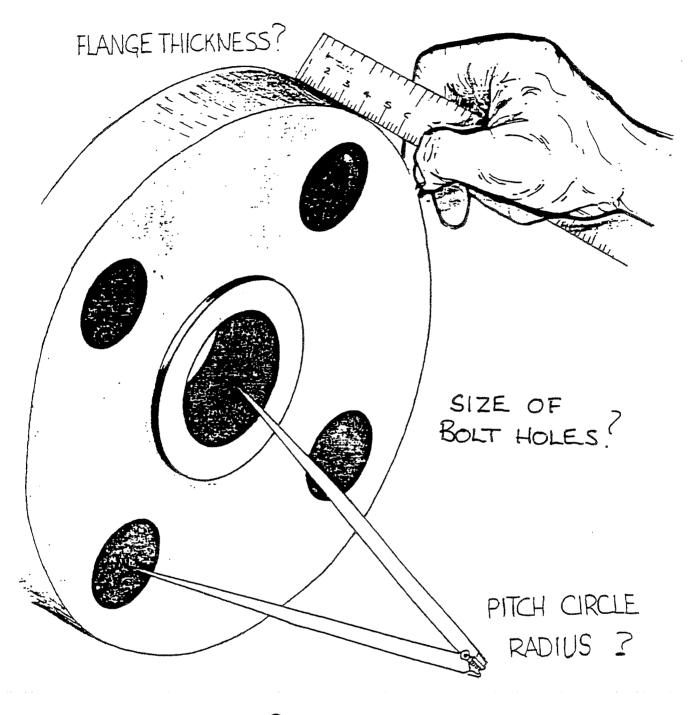
On some plants, there may be a need to maintain the temperature of the product, either hot or cold, while it is travelling through the pipework. The most efficient method of doing this is by using jacketed pipework. This consists of a pipeline fabricated in the conventional manner, through which the product travels, with a larger pipe welded around the outside of the product pipe, creating a space for either steam or a coolant.

These jackets have small pipes welded to them so they can be interconnected, this provides a passage for the steam or coolant to travel from pipe to pipe, keeping the whole system at a constant temperature.

An arrangement of a steam jacketed pipe system may be seen in Fig 20.

The details of the fabrication and welding can be seen in Fig 21.

With all pipeline fabrication, the standards and specifications for a particular job must be obtained from the standards books; and clear and precise instructions given to the fabrication shop who are making the pipes.



NUMBER OF BOLTS?

HOMINAL BOZE ?

DIAMETER ?

FLANGE DRILLING B.S.10 TABLE D

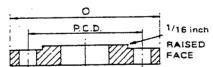
i	(
	P. C	. D.	ا ہ
Ø		VIA	

ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

SIZE No. DIA. P ½ 3% 4 9/16 ½ 4 4 9/16 ½ 4 4 9/16 1 4½ 4 9/16 1½ 5½ 4 9/16 2 6 4 11/16 3 7½ 4 11/16 4 8½ 4 11/16 5 10 8 11/16 6 11 8 11/16 8 13½ 8 11/16 9 14½ 8 11/16 1 10 16 8 7/8 1 12 18 12 7/8 1 14 20¾ 12 1 1 15 21¾ 12 1 1 16 22¾ 12 1 1 18 25½ 12 1 2 <	NOM.			BOLT HO	LES
% 4 4 9/16 1 4½ 4 9/16 1½ 5½ 4 9/16 1½ 5½ 4 11/16 2 6 4 11/16 3 7½ 4 11/16 4 8½ 4 11/16 5 10 8 11/16 6 11 8 11/16 8 13½ 8 11/16 9 14½ 8 11/16 10 16 8 7/8 1 12 18 12 7/8 1 14 20% 12 1 1 15 21% 12 1 1 16 22% 12 1 2 18 25½ 12 1 2 20 27% 16 1 2		0	No.	DIA.	P.C.D.
	½ 1 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 10 12 14 15 16 18	3% 4 4% 4% 5% 6 7% 8% 10 11 13% 14% 16 18 20% 21% 22% 25%	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 8 8 8 8 8 12 12 12 12	9/16 9/16 9/16 9/16 9/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 7/8 7/8	2 5/8 2 7/8 3 3 7/16 3 7/8 4½ 5% 7 8% 9% 11% 12% 14 16 18% 19% 20% 23 25%
2 2			1	1 1 1/8	26½ 29%

DPU 3070

FLANGE DRILLING B.S.10 TABLE H

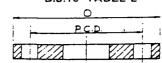


ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

4½ 4½ 4½ 5½ 5½ 6½ 8 9	No. 4 4 4 4 4 8 8	DIA. 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16	P.C.D. 3¼ 3¼ 3 7/16 3 7/8 4 1/8 5 6½ 7½
4½ 4¾ 5½ 6½ 8	4 4 4 4 8	11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16	3½ 3 ^{7/16} 3 ^{7/8} 4 ^{1/8} 5 6½ 7½
4½ 4¾ 5½ 6½ 8	4 4 4 4 8	11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16	3½ 3 ^{7/16} 3 ^{7/8} 4 ^{1/8} 5 6½ 7½
4¾ 5½ 5½ 6½ 8 9	4 4 4 8 8	11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16	3 7/16 3 7/8 4 1/8 5 61/2 71/2
5½ 5½ 6½ 8 9	4 4 4 8 8	11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16	3 7/8 4 1/8 5 61/2 71/2
5½ 6½ 8 9	4 4 8 8	11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16	4 ^{1/8} 5 6½ 7½
6½ 8 9	4 8 8	11/16 11/16 11/16	5 6½ 7½
8 9	<u>8</u> 8	11/16 11/16	6½ 7½
9 -	8	11/16	71/2
-	_		
12	-17	1 7/-	
	112	7/8	10%
141/2	12	7/8	1234
17	.12	1	15
19%	16	1	17%
21¾	16	1 1/8	19%
24	20	1 1/8	21%
261/2	20	11/4	24
29	24	1 1/4	261/2
30	24	1 1/4	271/2
331/2	24	1 '	30 %
	24 26½ 29	24 20 26½ 20 29 24 30 24	24 20 1 1/8 26½ 20 1½ 29 24 1½ 30 24 1½

DPU 3070/1

FLANGE DRILLING B.S.10 TABLE E

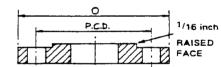


ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

NOM.		BO	LT HOLE	S
SIZE	0	No.	DIA.	P.C.D.
1/2	3¾	4	9/16	2 ^{5/8}
3/4	4	4	9/16	2 7/8
1 1	41/2	4	9/16	314
11/4	47/4	4	9/16	3 ^{7/16} 3 ^{7/8}
11/2	51/4	4	9/16	3 7/8
2	6	4	11/16	41/2
3	71/4	4	11/16	5%
4	81/2	8	11/16	7
5	10	8	11/16	8%
6	11	8	7/8	9%
8	131/4	8	7/8	11%
9	141/2	12	7/8	12%
10	16	12	7/g	14
12	18	12	1	16
14	20¾	12	1	18%
15	21 3/4	12	1	19%
16	22¾	12	1	20%
18	2514	16	1	23
20	273/4	16	1	25%
21	29	16	1 1/8	26%
24	321/2	16	1%	29%
	, J=72		. /4	

DPU 307:0

FLANGE DRILLING B.S.10 TABLE J

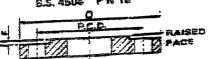


ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

NOM.		во	LT HOLE	S
SIZE	0	No.	DIA.	P.C.D.
% % 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4½ 4½ 4½ 5½ 6½ 8 9 12 14½ 17 19¼ 21½ 24	No. 4 4 4 4 8 8 12 12 12 16 16 20 20	DIA. 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 11/16 7/8 7/8 7/8 1 1 1 1 1/8	P.C.D. 3¼ 3½ 37/16 37/8 41/8 5 6½ 7½ 10¼ 12¾ 15 17¼ 19½ 21¾ 24
20 .21 24	29 30 33½	24 24 24	1 ^{3/8} 1 ^{3/8} 1½	26½ 27½ 30¾

DPU 3070/1

FLANGE DRILLING 8.5.4504 PN 16

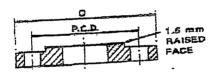


IN THE FLANGES OF CLI PIPES SOLT MOLES ARC LARGER THAN SHOWN TO PROVIDE GREATER CLEARANCE FOR SOLTE

		ercl	SAHAR.	57	LTHO	ES
NON	1	5	F mm	Nic.	• DIA	P.C.D.
15		95	2	á.	14	65
ī	1	105	2	Zį.	14	75
20	1	115	2	桑	14	85
25		140	2	4	16	100
32	1	150	3	4	16	110
40 50	- 3	165	*	4	18	125
80	1	200	3	5	18	160
1		220	2	1	18	180
100	- 1	285	3	2	22	240
200	- 4	340	3	12	22	295
1	1	405	3	192	26	355
250	` {	460	1	12	26	410
301		520	3	16	26	470
354		520	4	15	30	525
400	1	640	£ 1	20	30	585
45	_	715	4	20	33	650
500	- 1		5	20	36	770
60	9	şac		1 40.00		1

DPU \$571/1

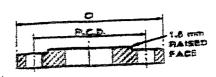
Flange Drilling B.S. 1560 Class 300



			BOLT !	10LES	
NOM	o.			IA.	P.C.D.
SIZE		No.	in	mm	mm
in	111111	4	5/B	15.9	56.7
7%	95	4	7/2	19	82.6
※	117	4	7/2	19	88.9
1	124	1	- Z	19	98.4
1%	133	1	7/8	22.2	114.3
1%	156	1	76	19	127
2	165	1	7/2	22.2	168.3
3	210	1	7/8	72.2	200
4	254		7/8	22.2	269.9
6	318	1	1	25.4	330.2
8	38	1	9 1/1	1	387.4
10	444	1	11%	31.8	450.8
12	52		11%	31.B	514.4
14	58-	1	1	34.0	571.5
16	64	- !		B 34.5	528.6
18	71	1 4		B 34.5	
20	77			8 413	812.8
24	91	4 24	1 1		

DPU 3071

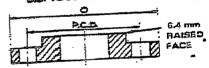
FLANGE DRILLING B.S. 1560 CLASS 150



			BOLT	HOLE	ទ ្
NOM	9	100	DIA	4.	P.C.D.
SIZE	pa;1/5973	స్టోర. ్	irs	mm	P(177)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	25	£	5/2	15.9	50.3
1/2	98 98	4	Sig	15.9	69.8
圣		4	5/4	15.9	79.4
1	108	A	5/g	15.9	88.9
1%		1	5/g	15.9	26.4
1%	127	A	32	95	120.6
2	162	1 4	1		152.4
3	120	4	*	19	
4	229	8	길	19	190.5
6	279	8	318	22.2	241.3
8	343	8	7/8	22.2	298.4
10	406	12 -	1	25.4	362
12	483	12	1	25.4	431.8
14	E33	12	11/8	28.6	476.2
	597	16	4 1/2	28.6	539.8
16	635	98	4%	31.8	577.8
18	1	20	11%	31.8	635
20	698			34.9	7493
74	813-	20	1	المداحد إد	

OPU 3071

FLANGE DRILLING B.S. 1860 CLASS 600



			SOLT	HOLES	
NOM. SIZE	0	-	Ole		P.C.D.
in	miti	No.	in i	15.9	66.7
1/2	95	ą	. 5/e	19	82.5
₹ <u>4</u>	117	4	**	1	88.8
1	124	Æ	₹	19	98,4
1%	133	4	₹ <u>*</u>	19	114.3
17/2	156	4	7/8	22.2	1
2	165	8	圣	19 .	127
3	210	В	7/0	22.2	168.3
4	273	8	1	25.4	215.9
6	356	12	15/E	28.6	292.1
B	419	12	1%	31.8	349.2
1 -	508	16	43/	34.9	431.8
10	559	20	13/	34.9	489
12	503	20	17/2	38.1	527
14	1	20	75/	41.3	603.2
16	586		9.2%	44.4	654
18	743	20			723.9
20	813	24	13	1	1
24	940	24	2	50.B	838.2
124					

DFU 3071/1

FLANGED PIPE JOINTS

Carbon Steel

SCREWED FLANGES TO BS 21 TAPER

PAGE 1 OF 1
10 ISSUE NO 2 DATE HAR 1977

ICI REFERENCE

BS 1560:PART 2

CLASS 150

MAX TEMP 260°C

DIV ISSUE NO DATE
USE CARBON STEEL BOLTS AND NUTS

GENERAL REFERENCES
CARBON STEEL PIPE, API 5L GRADE B

04 1646

TO 08 CI286

BOLTING

PERMISSIBLE WORKING PRESSURES FOR

SCREWED PIPE JOINTS

04 1605

FLANGE 04 1

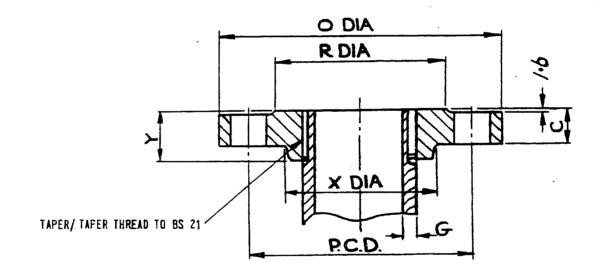
04 1 974 (BLANK 04 2079)

	MAXIMUM NON-SHOCK SERVICE PRESSURE/TEMPERATURE RATING (TAPER/TAPER THREADS TO BS 21)												
PIPE Nom Size	TEMP C	0 TO 38	50	75	100	125	150	175	200	2 2 5	250	260	
} - 1	7 (19	18.3	17.3	16.3	<u> </u>							
1 }	PRESSURE	17.2	17.2	17,2	16,3	-15.4	14.5	13.5	12.6	11.7	10.7	10.3	
2	bar	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	μ							

PIPE SPECIFICATION

API SL GRADE B - SEAMLESS OR ELECTRIC-WELD®

* ELECTRIC-WELD PIPE FROM ICI APPROVED MANUFACTURERS ONLY. SEE 04 1646



DIMENSIONS IN HILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

		PIPE			FLANGE DIMENSIONS							BOLTING			
HOH		BS 1600	F							BOLT HOLES				LEN	IGTH
SIZE	00	SCHD	G	0	С	Y	X	R	NO	D	14	PCD	AID	<u>B0</u>	<u>LT</u>
		NO								in	RAR.		in	in	-
<u>.</u>	21.3		3.73	89	11.1	16	30	35	4	1	15.9	60.3	1	17	44
1	26,7	20	3.91	98	12.7	16	38	43	4		15.9	69.8	}	13	51
1	33.4	80	4.55	108	14.3	17	49	51	4	1	15.9	79.4	1	2	51
12	48.3	1	5.08	127	17.5	22	65	73	4	1	15.9	98.4	2	21	57
7	60.3	40	3.91	152	19	25	78	92	4	1	19	120.6	1	2 2	70

FIG 14.

CARBON STEEL PIPING SYSTEMS

CLASS 150

FLANGED PIPE JOINTS

SLIP-ON-WELDING

MAXIMUM WORKING TEMPERATURE 400 °C

04 2522

Fige 1 OF 1

ICI ISSUE NO 4 DATE MAR 1984 DIV ISSUE NO DATE

GENERAL REFERENCES DESIGN INFORMATION

oli 16**09**

COMPONENT STANDARDS:

PIPE

SLIP-ON-WELDING FLANGE

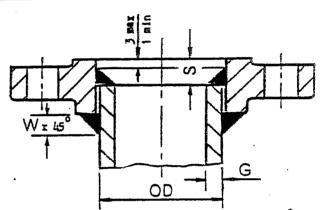
04 1646 04 2232

MAKINGH NON-SHOCK SERVICE PRESSURE/TEMPERATURE RATING TO ANSI 316.5 (MATERIAL DROUP 1-1)

æ⊋°c	0 to 38	50	100	150	200	250	3 000	350	<i>3</i> 75	700
PRESSURE bar gauge		19-2	17•7	15•8	14	12.1	10.2	8-4	7•4	6.5

THE DESIGN FEATURES OF THIS FLANGED PIPE JOINT SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF ANSI B31.3. FOR LIMITATIONS ON ITS USE SEE 04 1609

ATTACHMENT OF PLANE TO PIPE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ICI SPECIFICATION B125
OR B120 AS APPROPRIATE



DIMENSIONS IN HILL INTERES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

									TING		
l	PIPE										
1XX							LEN	NCTH			
SIZE	OD	SCHEDULE	G	W	S)XO	DIA	BC	LT	STUD-BOLT	
in		350					in	in		in	
* 2	21.3		3.73	6	6.5	4	#	12	141	2±	57
+ 1	26.7	1 00	3.91	6	7	4	1	12	14/1	2±	57
* 1	33.4	80	4-55	7_	7•5	4	Ŧ	2	51	21	6 i t
-14	48.3]	5.08	8	8	4	Ŧ	2±	57	. 2 1	70
2	60.3		3.91	6	7	4	ŧ	솹	64	3	76
3	88.9	rro Tro	5.49	8	8.5	4	2	23	70	圱	89
4	114.3	1 40	6.02	9	9	8	ŧ	21	70	圱	89
6	168.3	1	7-11	10	10	8.	1	3	76	3 1	95
8	219.1		7.04	10	10	8	ž	3ŧ	83	4	102
10	273.1	1	7.8	11	11	12	7	圱	89	41/2	114
12	23.9	30	8.38	12	11.5	12	₹	5 1	95	41	114
14	355.6	1	9.53	14	12.5	12	1	4	102	5	127
16	406.4	1	9.53	14	12.5	16	1	44	108	5±	1 33
18	<i>ن</i> حة	STD WALL	9•53	14	12,5	16	1 ±	44	114	5 1	145
20	508	20	9.53	14	12.5	20	1 🛊	5	127	6	152
24	610	20	9-53	14	12.5	20	1±	5 ½	140	6‡	165

* See O4 1609 Cl. 5.3 before selecting slip-on-welding flarges for these sizes

CARBON STEEL PIPING SYSTEMS

CLASS 150

FLANGED PIPE JOINTS

WELDING-NECK

MAXIMUM WORKING TEMPENSIONE 400 C

PAGE OF DATE MAR 1984 ICI ISSUE NO

2616

ICI REFERENCE

DATE DIV ISSUE NO

GENERAL REFERENCES DESIGN INFORMATION

04 1609

COMPONENT STANDARDS:

PIPE

HELDING-NECK FLANGE

ou 1646

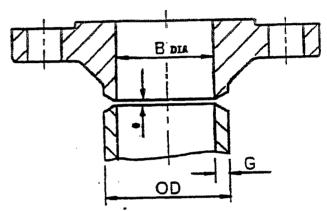
04 2212

MAINTAIN NON-SHOCK SERVICE PRESSURE/TOPPERATURE RATING TO ANSI 316.5 (MATTRIAL CROUP 1-1)

TEXP °C		50	100	150	200	250	3 000	350	375	7:00
PRESSURE ber gauge	19.6	-	_							

THE DESIGN FEATURES OF THIS FLANGED PIPE JOINT SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF ANSI BJ1.3. FOR LIMITATIONS ON ITS USE SEE 04 1609

ATTACHMENT OF FLANGE TO PIPE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ICI SPECIFICATION B125 OR B120 AS APPROPRIATE



*ROOT GAP VARIES ACCORDING TO WELDING PROCESS AND MAY BE UP TO 3 I

DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

		PIPE			BOLTING						
1772		1112		. I		LEN	NGTR				
NOM SIZE		SCHEDULE	G	В	NC	DIA	BO	T STUD-BOL			
in	OD	מא	9			in	in		in		
111	21.3		3•73	13.8	4	ż	12	141	2±	57	
1	26.7		3.91	18,9	Ц	±	12	lift	2±	57	
1	33.4	80	4,55	ومنا2	4	±	2	51	21	6L	
12	48.3	1	5.08	38.1	4	±	2±	57	21	70	
2	60.3		3.91	52.5	4	1	2±	64	3	76	
3	88.9	1	5.49	77.9	4	1	21	70	34	89	
1-	114-3	40	6.02	102.3	8	3	21	70	<u> </u>	89	
6	168.3		7-11	154-1	В	ł	3	76	3 1	95	
8	219.1		7-04	205	8	1	3₺	83	4	102	
		1	7.8	257.5	12	1	3½	89	41	114	
10	273.1	┥	8,30	307.1	12	7	3±	95	44	114	
12	323.9	30	9-53	336-6	12	1	4	102	5	.127	
14	355.6	-	9-53	387.4	16	1	4±	108	5±	133	
16	+	STD WALL		438	16		44	114	5 1	146	
18	157	DID MATE		189	20	1 ±	5	127	6	152	
20	508	20	9-53	591	20		54	140	6±	165	
24	610		9.53	וככן	1 20	1 1 2	1 22	1 ,—			

CARBON STEEL PIPING SYSTEMS CLASS 600 WELDING-NECK FLANGES

	10	REF	ERENCE	
04		2	8	
PAGE	1	OF	2	
ICI ISSU	E NO	3	DATE	MAR 1984
DIV I	SSUE	8	DATE	

GENERAL REFERENCES

DESIGN INFORMATION

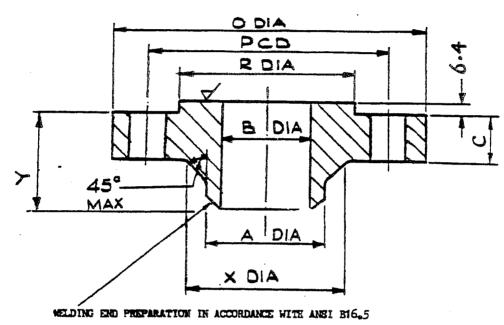
al. 1609

SPECIFICATION ANSI B16.5

MATERIAL TO ASTM A105 WITH THE ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS AS SPECIFIED ON PAGE 2

OF THIS STANDARD

FLANGES COMPLYING WITH THE INCH DIMENSIONS GIVEN IN ANSI B16.5 FOR CLASS 600 MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS STANDARD EXCEPT. FOR THE DIAMETER OF THE BORE 'B'



GROOVED FINISE DE ACCORDANCE WITE ICI STANDARD 04 0510

FIG 17.

DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

	PIP	E	1	FLANGE											
OH		SCHED	0		V	Α	B*	R	X	APPROX		BOL	T ROLE	3	
IZE n	QD	NIO			•				^	WEIGHT	NO		IA	PCD	ICI CODE No
Ł	21.3		95	14,3	52	21.3	13-8	55	38	0.9	4	in.	15.9	66.7	
Ł	26.7	1	117	15.3	57	26,7	18.9		48	1.8	4	3	19	82,6	
1	33.4	1	124	17.5	62	53-4	24.3	51	54	1.8	1.	콮	19	88.9	
발	48.3	80	156	22.2	70	48.3	38.1	73	70	3.6	4	골	22.2	114,3	
₹	60.3] 65	165	25.4	73	60.3	49.2	a5	84	5.4		*	19	127	
3_	88.9		210	31.81	83	88.9	73-7	127	117	10-4	8	Z	22,2	168.3	
<u>t</u>	114.3		273	38.1	102	114-3	97-2	157	152	19	8	1	25.4	215.9	
	168.3		356	47.6	117	168.3	Ţ	216	222	36.7	12	1 🛔	28.6	292.1	
	219.1	523	419	55_6	133	219.1	8011	. 270	273	54.4	121	1±1	31.8	349-2	
	273.1	TO ITIONS	508	63.5	152	273.1		2571	343	86-1	16	11	34.9	431.8	100
[]	323.9	E 1	559	66-7	156	223.9	<u>ω</u> ι	381	100	102	201	12	34.91	489	
	355.6	COND COND	603	69-81	165	355.6	BORED	Ш3	432	127	201	11	38-1	527	
	406.4	ਹ ₌	686	76-21	178	406-4		470	495	177	20	12	41.3	603-2	
,	457 508	3 3	743	82,61	184	457	異品	533	546	215.5	201	11	44-4	654	
	610		813	88.91	190	508	2 2	584	610	267.6	24	12	44-41	723.9	
_		ICARLE (940	101.6	203	610		692	718	376.5	24	2	50.8		

PIPE FLANGES, BACKING TYPE GALVANIZED CARBON STEEL DRILLING TO BS 1560 CLASS 300

NW 04 2354

PAGE 1 OF 1

ICI ISSUE NO DATE

DIV ISSUE NO 1 DATE JUN 75

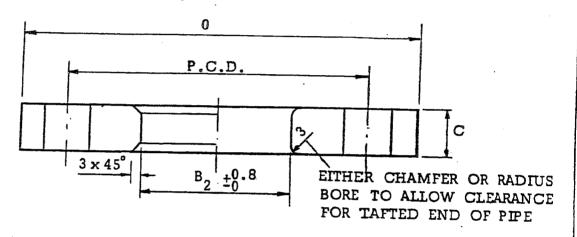
ICI REFERENCE

SPECIFICATIONS:

MATERIAL - CARBON STEEL PLATE TO BS 1501 - 151 GRADE 23A OR 26A OR BS 4360 GRADE 43A. GALVANIZING: BS 729 TABLE 1

FLANGES BURNT OR OTHERWISE CUT FROM ROLLED PLATE.
BOLT HOLES DRILLED TO UGS OR TEMPLATES

BOLT HOLES DRILLED TO JIGS OR TEMPLATES. PITCH CIRCLE CONCENTRIC WITH THE BORE WITHIN LIMITS OF ± 0.8 AFTER MACHINING, HOT-DIP GALVANIZE TO A MINIMUM COATING THICKNESS OF 85 μ m.



DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

NO. STATED										
NOMINAL PIPE				ВС	LT HC	LES				
SIZE	0	С	B ₂	P.C.D.	NO.	D	IA.	CODE NUMBER		
(inches)					140.	in.	mm			
1	124	20	35	88.9	4	3 4	19			
11/2	156	20	50	114.3	4	<u>7</u>	22.2			
2	165	25	62.5	127	8	3 4	19			
3	210	30	91.5	168.3	8	<u>7</u> ·	22.2			
4	254	30	117	200	8	<u>7</u> 8	22.2			
NOTE:	318	35	171	269.9	12	7 8	22.2			

NOTE: THESE FLANGES ARE ONLY FOR USE WITH AUSTENITIC Cr.Ni.
STAINLESS STEEL TAFTED END PIPES TO CONNECT WITH CONTROL
VALVES HAVING CLASS 300 FLANGED ENDS AND FASTENED WITH
UNC HEAVY BLACK BOLTS TO BS 1769, IN PIPELINES RATED TO
CLASS 150 WITH A MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE OF 260°C.

PIRING

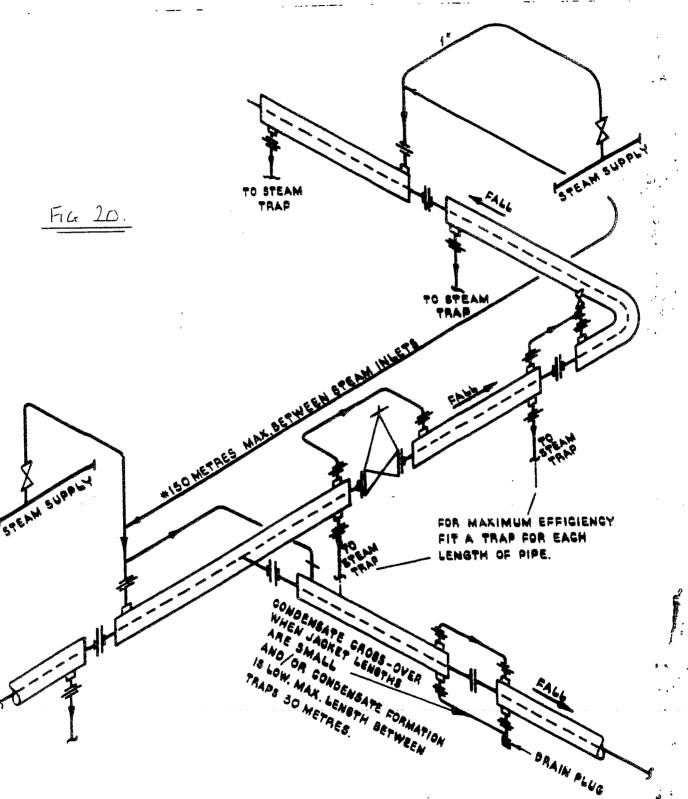
GARBON STEEL JACKETED PIPES EPI NO PIP 113 APPENDIX A

issue

Page 1 of 1

W. S. BOARDMAN. Author

NOV 74 Date



MINIMUM FALL 25 mm. IN 6 METRES. ALL LOW POINTS TRAPPED, INCLUDING LOW POINTS BETWEEN EXPANSION LOOPS. ALL HIGH POINTS TO BE VENTED. GROUPED TRAPPING MUST BE AVOIDED I.E. ONE TRAP TO SERVE ONE DRAIN.

TYPICAL ARRANGEMENT OF STEAM JACKETED PIPE.

without the permission 1111 = =

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